

TECHNICAL INFORMATION SEGACEL ML Detergent effective reducing agent

- It replaces hydrosulfite and conventional detergents in reductive washing of dyes and dyeings made with disperse dyes on polyester fibers.
- It prevents repainting and restaining the fabric due to its very strong dispersion
- Increases fastness due to high washing performance.
- Low foaming potential. Therefore, it can be used in all dyeing and washing machines.
- No color effect
- Easily biodegradable

PROPERTIES

Chemical Structure	Sulfonic acid derivative
Appearance	Transparent light cloudy liquid
İyonik Character	Anionic
рН	9.5-11.5
Solubility	It can be diluted with cold water at any ratio
	(Hot water not recommended).
Stability of the solutions	Hard water: good
	Electrolytes: good in standard concentrations in washing baths
	Acids : good
	Alkallines : good at recommended concentrations
Compatibility	Anionic and nonionic products : good

APPLICATION

Reducing / dispersing effect

- Segacel ML has a reducing effect above 70° in basic environment.
- The redox potential occurs in the presence of caustic soda would be enough to break several disperse dyes.
- Since Segacel ML has a high dispersing power at any temperature, disperse dyes attached to the nonfixed fiber surface are disintegrated and the degradation products are spread to the wash liquor.

Application Area

Segacel ML suitable for:

- \checkmark Reductive washing of printing and dyeing on PES fibers with continuous and impregnation process
- ✓ Cleaning of painting machines

Reductive washing of PES paints

Extraction method

- Rinse the paint thoroughly
- add the below products after arrange the cleaner bath to 50° C:
 - 1-3 g/L Segacel ML
- % 0.5 -1 solid caustic or soda*
- Heat to 70-80 $^\circ$ C and treat for 15-20 minutes at 70-80 $^\circ$ C and cool to 50 $^\circ$ C.
- Rinse once at 40–50 $^\circ$ C.
- Rinse cold and neutralize with acetic acid if necessary.



* The usage with other alkalis is not recommended due to less effectiveness

Continue Method

- Rinse cold
- Rinse warmly (70-80°C)
- 80°C

2-6 g/L Segacel ML and

Treat with solid caustic % 1-2

- Rinse and neutralize if necessary

Strengrhening (ranforse):

Strengthen with 1/3 of the Segacel ML and 1/6 of the alkali amount every 20 minutes.

Reduction of printing on PES

- Rinse cold
- 1st bath: 20-30°C
- 1 g/l Seganal DFT Liq.
- 2nd: 40–50°C
- 2 g/L Seganal DFT Liq.
- 3rd: 70–80°C
- 2-6 g/L Segacel ML and
- 1-3 g/L solid caustic
- rinse baths**: Rinse at low temperatures from 80 $^\circ$ C to cold.
- final bath: rinse cold with acetic acid if necessary.
- ** It is recommended to use soft water with alginates or synthetic thickeners in the first two rinse baths

Continuous method for disperse / reactive dyes

These dyes can be cleaned in the same way but without the need for soaping. Add 1-2 g / Lsodium tripolyphosphate to the cleaning liquor.

Paint selection for cellulosic fiber component

* All vat dyes and major naphthol dyes are suitable

* Reduced reactive dyes are not suitable due to possible tone changes. Therefore, it is recommended to test before applying to reactive dyed products.

Reactive discolouring process

10-15g/L Segacel ML 1g/L Segeprep JW liq pH is set to 4.5 - Heat to 85 ° C and treat for 45 minutes at 85° C and cool to 50 ° C. - Rinse once at 40-50 ° C.

Cleaning Machines

- Fill the machine with water and add the below materials



3 - 4 g/L Segacel ML

- 1.5 2 g/L solid caustic
- Heat to 80 90 ° C and treat for 20-30 minutes.
- Rinse thoroughly
 - It is recommended to add a cloth end or waste material to increase the cleaning effect on jets and overflow machines.

PRECAUTIONS

Storage: The storage life in original package at 0-40 °C is 12 months.

Paints, pigments, and most of the chemicals are patented by Sozal Ltd or its subsidiaries in various industrial countries. The information and recommendations presented here have been created with great care, but they may not include every possible situation. These information and recommendations are non-binding guidelines and must be adapted to the conditions in force. Moreover, no liability is accepted for the non-written application areas and methods. Information and protective measures that are required to be specified can be obtained from the Safety Data Sheet.